MISSOURI CROP OUTLOOK.

Conditions Vastly Improved by the Re Rains-How to Kill Chinch Bugs-Feeding Young Stock

Columbia, Mo., May 12 .- The general agriculture outlook continues to improve. Conditions at present are far more encouraging than at any time this season, and the improvement during the last week has been rapid and gratifying in all respects. From all over the Mississippi valley came reports of general rains, and all crops are making fine headway. Plenty of sunshine between showers makes continued farm work possible, and the crops are well advarced. Conditions in Missouri and the neighboring states are especially favorable. The monthly report, just issued by the Missouri board of agriculture, gives estimates that indicate an unusually prosperous season.

To judge from the frequent applications at the experiment stations here, the farmers are especially anxious about the chinch bug invasion just now, and the agricultural authorities are solicited for advice in the matter. The distribution of diseased chinch bugs by the stations has been discontinued, owing to the fact that spraying with a 10 per cent. solution of kerosene and water has been found to be a more effective method of exterminating the pests. In view of the unsual demand for information, however, Dr. H. J. Waters, of the state agricultural college, adds some additional advice. "I would suggest in the first

place," said Dr. Waters, "that all rubbish in the vicinity of the wheat and corn fields be burned at once, as it frequently affords a hiding place for the chinch bugs. If certain rows of wheat or corn'are found to be badly infested, the bugs can be interrupted in their progress to other parts of the field by introducing, between, a furrow, or path, of tery loose earth. over which they can not pass, though they often perish in the attempt. Certain crops, such as flax and cow peas, are very objectionable to the chinch bugs, and by introducing rows of the same fields the insects may be prevented from passing from one to the other. These conclusions were reached by Prof. J. M. Stedman, of Missouri university, who has been experimenting with destroying insects, and has recently issued a pamphlet on the subject.'

Prof. C. H. Eckles, of the university department of animal husbandry, has just returned from a tour of the state, during which he has been investigating the feeding of young stock, and is now preparing a bulletin on the subject, to be issued in a few days. A remarkable statement in this report will be to the effect that perhaps \$20,000,000 is wasted annually by allowing calves to consume all the milk of the mothers until 6 or 7 months old. This is permitted by a vast number of farmers, says Prof. Eckles, and is an appaling waste of milk, and an entirely unnecessary proceeding. By so doing, the farmer is making beef, worth 5 or 6 cents a agement, just as good a calf can be raised on milk after the cream has been taken out, as has been clearly demonstrated by scientific experiments. In his bulletin, Prof. Eckles will tell just how a calf can be raised on skimmed milk and grain food. The calf should be allowed the whole milk of its mother until 2 or 1 weeks old, after which skimmed milk should be gradually introduced. At the age of 6 or 7 weeks old, the animal should be subsisting entirely on skimmed milk and grain food. The latter should be given as soon as the animal will take it-frequently, but in small quantities at a time. This food should be either corn meal or cooked flaxceed. The former should be given first and the latter a few weeks later. All milk should be heated to a temperature of 100 degrees, and great care should be taken against overfeeding. Prof. Eckles believes that with a little care and extra labor many millions can be saved by adopting these methods.

First Winner of the Victoria Cross. It will surprise most people to hear

that the first winner of the Victoria cross "for valour" stil lives, and in the person of Admiral C. D. Lucas. whose daring in promptly picking up from the deck and throwing overboard a live shell fired upon H. M. S. Heela by the Russian batteries sent a thrill through the country in the early part of the Crimean war.

In connection with that unhappy yet heroic contest, the then young navy mate became as popular and famous as the soldier favorite, "Redan Massey," and both survived their exploits for many long and peaceful years. Originated by the prince consort, the Victoria cross was officially created in 1856, and in the following year the coveted distinction was bestowed by Queen Victoria, at a brilliant assemblage, in Hyde park, upon 62 officers and men of the army and navy, of whom no fewer than 19 have survived to the present time .-- London Modern Society.

THE FRILLS OF FASHION.

Long sash ends of black tulle adorn the evening gowns.

Lace stocks are much more chie than stiff ribbons and collars.

White wash kid gloves are useful to wear with the shirt waist suit.

A belt buckle in front, one in black. and one on each side are none too Bands of flowered lawn are inserted

into the newest wide turnover collars and cuffs.

Quantities of flowers are used as berthas, chetelaines, and sprays for evening wear, and some of the daintiest sleeves are composed entirely of chains of flowers.

A pretty handkerchief stock is one of those in part nouveau designs, flowers in colors, with long waving stems, finishing the edges of fine white handkerchiefs, the flowers finished with edges of embroidery in white.

Smart summer shoes and dainty openwork or lace trimmed stockings lend their share of prettiness to the general effect of modish dressing. One might say, indeed, that never before have women worn such fascinating ac-

NOT AFRAID OF THE TPUTE.

Republican Administration Making Facts Regarding Philippines Known to the People.

Democratic crit.es of the administration cannot complain that they have in any way been hindered in their search for facts to support their government removes a large part of Philippine policy. Having first committed themselves to the theory that general tariff law upon goods passir all the Filipinos are enlightened patriots, whose noble aspirations the administration has brutally tharted, it then occurred to them that they ought to have some facts to justify

this theory. They have been permitted to rake the nation with a fine-tooth comb. They have heard tales of discharged soldiers with personal grievances, and of sentimental tourists whose delicate nerves could not endure the struggle of civilization against barbarism. They have discovered that possibly in some cases the nation's agents in the Philippines have been provoked beyond endurance by its treacherous and bloodthirsty foes, and have met their savagery with savagery. They have also discovered that on the whole never in the world's history has the irrepressible conflict between barbarism and civilization been conducted with greater patience and humanity on the part of the forces of civilization than by our army in the Philippines.

The critics of their own country, the faultfinders with their kinsmen. have had their day in court, says the Chicago Inter-Ocean. They have presented their evidence, and argued upon it to the jury with every possible device of misrepresentation and appeal to prejudice. The incidental abuses that they have trumpeted so loudly the administration had moved to correct before their correction was even formally asked. If any American officer has overstepped the limits set upon warfare even against the most savage and implacable foes, he will be punished. The facts will be ascertained, and the United States, as it ever has, will do justice alike to its own sons and to barbarians who know not the meaning of the word.

The democratic assault upon the army has been useful in disclosing the character of the people with whom it has to deal in the Philip- too. pines. It has proved that while a very few Filipinos may be called civilized, and that great numbers are simply barbarians, probably the majority are in that transition stage where men are most difficult to deal with. Having some of the mental traits of civilized men, their morals are still those of the barbarian, and under pressure of any struggle they constantly tend to relapse into savagery. They have as yet taken from civilization little but its weapons. mental and physical, and have for it

no moral attachment. Yet these are the people whom the ought to be given absolute independence, and whom this nation should leave to their own devices by scutpound, out of butter fat, worth 20 to ling out of the Philippines. The ab-25 cents a pound. By proper man- surdity of such a conclusion from intelligence. The American people will never accept that conclusion. They will never confess that they are weaker than their sires. They will no more yield to savagery and their fathers yielded to them on this

The administration was not afraid the Philippines must be right bethe truth has justified the administration's confidence in itself, in the army, and in the people of which the critics have been given all the rope ing themselves. There will be no scuttling from the Philippines, be-

COMMENT AND OPINION.

Some peopte seem to be aching to hear things to the discredit of the American soldiers who are upholding ippines.-Chicago Tribune.

in American history than the congressional attack in the rear upon our soldiers in the Philippines, 8,000 miles away,-Indianapoliss Journal. Now Bryan is to go to Cuba as the correspondent of an illustrated weekly. Wonder if the "colonel" realizes that they are simply using him

Boston to organize a new party for estimated sum. The surplus for April lican party, but the attempt will the months was \$6,584,000, the surprobably be abandoned in view of the plus to May I being \$65,845,367. It ing alluded to already as "Moros." | be exceeded in May and June, hence Chicago Inter Ocean.

17 Pennsylvania reports 25 tinhandsandturning out an annual prodgreat sport at first over this "infant | the abolition of the remaining war since passed from their minds.-St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Silver has fallen to 23 5-16 pence per ounce, the lowest price for this and as the ordinary government revmetal in the history of the world, enues are not likely to be larger And still trade goes on and the world next year than this, the balance remains indifferent. How foolish and sheet for the fiscal year 1902-3 is pitiful do the speeches of 1896, filled likely to show a deficit. with sound and fury signifying utter destruction for everybody, if silver were to go lower, look in the cold light of the present situation.-Richmond Times (Dem.).

The democratic Louisville Evening Post objects to the presidential candidacy of Senator Bailey for reasons thus set forth: "It is Senator Bailey's opinions on current affairs, his narrowness and his opposition to the onward march of American progress, rather than the place of his birth and residence, that make him an impossibility." In this respect does not Mr. Bailey typify modern democracy, and for that reason is he not the most appropriate candidate

THE SAME CROWD.

Those Predicting Rulp and Destitution in Cuba Unless Tariff Is Reduced Did Same Years Ago.

Some of the same persons that are now declaring that the Cuban republic cannot possibly survive unless this the duties that are imposed by the between this country and the island, were assuring the American people just as positively and emphatically a few years ago, that the Porto Ricans were surely doomed to ruin and destitution if the law imposing on the articles passing between Porto Rico and the United States a reduced duty, for a time, should be passed and go into op-

eration. The law was passed and remained in operation until, according to its terms, it expired through due notice from the Porto Ricans that they were prepared and able to defray the expenses of their government by local taxation. And the Porto Ricans did not suffer because of the tariff. On the contrary, they have been steadily growing in prosperity since they were freed from Spanish rule. That, too, though a devastating hurricane visited their island and caused a great loss, of which a large part fell upon those least able to bear it.

Late advices from Porto Rico tell of a large and steadily growing demand for good clothes of American manufacture. The people of the island are cast ing off the comparatively primitive raiment that they wore under Spanish rule, and clothing themselves in good American style. And in a tropical country the people do not begin to spend money for more and better clothes than necessity demands until they have an abundance of it.

Of course, says the Albany Journal, the persons who were abusing the government and expressing a great deal of sympathy of the crocodile variety for the Porto Ricans when it was decided to make their products subject to a tariff, are saying nothing about the condition of Porto Rico now. They are howling for "justice for Cuba." and putting forth copious dissertations on what the United States "owes" to the island, regardless of its own interests. Two years hence, Cuba will be so prosperous that these persons will be silent on this subject

PEACE IN PORTO RICO.

Everything Quiet and People Are Happy and Contented in Our New Possession.

Porto Rico has not been saving much.

but has been doing a great deal. The imports from the West Indian territory are three times as great as they were before 1898, and the exports to the island five times as great. There has never been a vestige of discontent with American rule, nor has there been a whisper that the Americans have conducted themselves either with disdemocrtaic senators still insist honesty or cruelty. Chief Leadley, of the record division of the civil service commission, reports that the Porto Ricans who took the examination were an orderly, well-behaved, and intellitheir examinations as creditably as did the American applicants. Their knowl edge of American geography, which was expected to be deficient, was excellent. Many of them knew English perfectly. Neither Mr. Atkinson nor barbarism in the Philippines than Senator Hoar can "point with pride" to the horrors of "imperialism" as demonstrated in Porto Rico. The reason that American suzerainty has been of the truth about the Philippines, such an immense success, says the Chibecause its leaders understood that, cago Tribune, is that peace has prewith all allowance for individual er- vailed in the island since the Stars and ror, the American people's acts in Stripes were hoisted there. When the army shall have finally and definitely cause their desires are right. And established peace in the Philippines, in spite of the fire in the rear, it is fair to assume that the same prosperity and content now observable in the West army is a part. The democratic Indian island will spread over the Pacific archipelago. The anti-imperialthey demanded, and are now hang- ists must realize that whether we abandon the islands eventually, or continue in them, peace is now the first cause we are rightfully there, and desideratum. In the first alternative, our deeds as a whole have been the United States will not leave the archipelago in the face of an enemy's fire. Hence the longer the Filipinos are encouraged in resistance, and the war thereby prolonged, the worse off they are. In the second alternative, the longer they are urged on in what the flag of their country in the Phil- must inevitably prove a losing fight, the more distant are their days of 17 There has been nothing baser peace and plenty.

PROTECTION AND REVENUE.

The Surplus in the Trensury-An Argument Against Tariff Reduction.

From present indications it appears that the surplus in the United because he is a freak?-Iowa State States treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30 will be only about There is again a disposition in \$79,000,000 instead of \$100,000,000, the the purpose of "punishing" the repub- was only \$4,687,300. The average for fact that some of the leaders are be- is believed that the average will not

the revised estimate. The surplus that is now in sight plate manufactories, employing 1,500 will just about equal the sum by which the government's income for uct of \$12,500,000. Free traders had next year will be reduced through industry," but the subject has long taxes. If the expenses for the coming year were to be no greater, they would just about be balanced by the income. But they will be greater,

> This prospect, says the Albany Journal, is an additional argument against tariff reduction. We shall need the present import duties for revenue as well as for protection.

E7Gen. Funston, having been or dered not to talk politics, certain democratic statesmen who maintained discreet silence while he was not under restraint are now belaboring him with might and main. This is not particularly creditable to their courage, but proves that they have great powers of discretion .- Albany

Journal Mr. Bryan barks just as lustily to the curiosity seekers in the politthat could be found?-Albany Jour- ical midway as if he still had a show. -Chicago Tribune.

Boston Is Unique.

A Chicagoan had been token around Bos-ton all day to observe aer bulwarks, but had failed to observe any of those symptoms of paralysis which are acceptable to the Bos-tonian mind. "Now contess," said the Bos-tonian host, after the burden and heat of the day, "isn't Boston a unique town?"
"Unique," mused the westerner, "I believe
that word is derived from two Latin words, unus, one, and equs, horse. I think Boston is a unique town."—Chicago Chronicle.

A Rapid Rise. says the self-made man with some "began life as a corn doctor, but after working a year at that profession invented a dandruff cure that has made me indepen-This shows us that if we begin at the foot it doesn't take long to reach the head, or something to that effect.—Baltimore Amer-

THE MADVETS

THE MARKE	TS.			
New Ye			, 1	13.
CATTLE-Native Steers	\$ 5 40		7	30
COTTON-Middling	2512	102		25%
FLOUR-Winter Wheat	9 19			05
WHEAT-No. 2 Red	87	98		894
CORN-No. 2		60		69%
OATS-No. 2	461	Su		47
PORK-Mess New		W	18	25
ST. LOUIS.				
COTTON-Middling	91	40		9%
BEEVES-Steers	4 75	(se	-	25
Cows and Heifers.		68	G	55
CALVES-(per 190 lbs),	4 50	ur		00
HOGS-Fair to Choice	6 50	64	7	35
SHEEP-Fair to Choice	4 00	(ex	6	00
FLOUR-Patents	3 70	41	3	80
Other Grades	3 00	24	3	65
WHEAT-No. 2 Red	811	490		823
CORN-No. 2	63	(12)		631/2
CORN-No. 2	433	160		44
RYE-No. 2	504	100		
WOOL-Tub-Washed	15	EL		2414
Other Grades	- 11	112		161/2
HAY-Clear Timothy	12 50		15	
BUTTER-Choice Dairy		M		19
BACON-Clear Rib		62		10%
EGGS-Fresh	****	56		14
PORK-StandardMess(new)			17	
LARD-Choice Steam	****	90		10%
CHICAGO.				
CATTLE-Native Steers	6 75	a		40
HOGS-Fair to Choice	6 75	fet	7	40
SHEEP-Fair to Choice		34	6	15
FLOUR-Winter Patents	3.90	fa	4	00
Spring Patents	3 40	60	3	80
WHEAT-No. 3 Spring	73	te		10
No. 2 Red	2700			83
CORN-No. 2 Yellow	603	18		61
No. 2 Red CORN-No. 2 Yellow OATS-No. 2		n		43%
PORK-Mess	17 25	a	17	3)

 PORK—Mess
 17 25 @ 17 30

 KANSAS CITY
 CATTLE—Native Steers
 6 00 @ 7 30

 HOGS—Fair to Choice
 6 75 @ 7 40

 WHEAT—No. 2 Red
 79 @ 79

 CORN—No. 2
 623 @ 63

 OATS—No. 2
 624 @ 63

 OATS—No. 2
 62 % @ 63

 WEW ORLEANS
 45

CORN-No. 2 65 67
OATS-No. 2 45 67
OATS-No. 2 45 67
BACON-Short Ribs 105/97
COTTON-Middling 66

OUR NATIONAL WEALTH.

There are said to be 3,500 million aires in this country.

The building and loan associations of the country have total assets of \$581,-

It is estimated that the wealth of the United States in 1900 was \$94,000,-

The total money in the United States, consisting of coin and including bullion in the treasury, United States notes and bank notes, is said by United States treasury officials to be \$2,483,-147,292, which is \$31.94 per capita.

It is an interesting fact that the to-It is an interesting fact that the to-tal deposits in the savings banks in Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute. the United States (\$2,597,094,580) reptotal money in the country, and a fourth larger than the national debt.

RHEUMATISM CURED AT LAST.

Lake Sarah, Minn., May 12th .- Thou- dianapolis News. sands will read with pleasure that a cure for Rheumatism has at last been

A Mrs. Hildebrandt, of this place, after trying very many medicines, has recently found a successful remedy for this painful disease.

This woman suffered so with the Rheumatism in her arms that sleep or rest became impossible. She heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills, but

having litle faith in anything, was very reluctant to spend any more money for However, she decided to try one box,

and this helped her so much that she continued to use the Pills. Now she

"I am real well, and I don't know how I can express my thanks to Dodd's Kidney Pills for what they have done

ELEGAST DINING CARS.

The Iron Mountain Route has inaugurated The Iron Mountain Route has inaugurated a new dining car service on its fast daily trains from St. Louis, Memphis and intermediate points to Texas. These cars have just been turned out of the Pullman shops and are models of skillful workmanship. They are handsomely fitted up, thoroughly equipped with the latest appliances and lighted with electricity. They are also supplied with electricity and they are also supplied with electricity.

clegant silverware.
This is the only line running dining ears

from St. Louis to points in Southern Missouri, Arkansas and Texas. It has a triple daily service between St. Louis and Texas and a double daily service between Memphis and Texas of Pullman aleeping cars with electric lights, fans and all up-to-date appliances.

Well Named. Mrs. Bacon—Why do you suppose they call employment agencies bureaus?

Mr. Bacon—Because a fellow can never find what he wants in one, I suppose.—

Train Ran 180 Miles in 180 Minutes. Springfield, Ill., April 16.—The Continental Limited on the Wabash Railroad has made a new Record from Tilton to Granite City, making 180 miles in 180 minutes. This was with five stops—three station stops, one to change engines and one take on coal. The actual raying time to take on coal. The actual running time was two hours and thirty-eight minutes.
The run from Danville to Decatur, 71.6
The run from Danville to Discatur, including miles, was made in 70 minutes, including stops at Tolono and Bement.—St. Louis Re-public, April 17th, 1902.

Native Pride. "I suppose," said the easterner, sarcastic-ally, "you never have a single cyclone in

your country. "Right you are," said the Kansan, boast-fully; "we never have anything less than a bi-cyclone or a tri-cyclone here."—Catholic Standard and Times.

The First Boarding-House in His tory.

is the basis for a unique little story in The Four-track News for May. It is entitled "The Prophet's Chamber," is appropriately illustrated, and contains information that every farmer's wife in New York and New England should have. The Four-Track News will be mailed free to subscribers in the United States for 50 cents a year; single copies, 5 cents. Address Geo. H. Daniels, Publisher, Grand Central Station, New York.

Nervous Lady (as a large bird flies be-fore the vessel)-Oh, captain, is that an Matter-of-Fact Captain - No, madam; that is a seagull.-Judge.

Stops the Cough and Works Of Laxative Bromo Quipine Tablets. Price 250

Nothing is more injudicious than to give your honest opinion when it is specifically asked for .-- Puck. Ask To-Day for Allen's Foot-Ease.

It cures swollen, aching, tired feet. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. Sloth never arrived at the attainment of a good wish.—Cervantes.

We promise that should you use PUT-NAM FADELESS DYES and be dissatis

Most men are short on gold and long on rass.—Chicago Daily News. Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar re-

the United States (\$2,597,094,580) represents a sum a trifle more than the market.—Chrales Lamb.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

A necessity is a luxury gone to seed .- In-

"CONTINENTAL'S" NEW RECORD. Clips Two Minutes Between St. Louis New Service Inaugurated on the from

and Decatur. The Wabash "Continental Limited" made a new record Thursday night between Decatur and St. Louis, cutting two minutes off

the best previous record.
Engineer Braddock, with No. 607, a new high-speed engine, made the 105 miles from Decatur to Granite City in 101 minutes. A five minute stop was made at Litchfield, making the actual running time ninety-six minutes, an average of 65.4 miles for the whole distance. Best previous time was

ninety-eight minutes.
From Staunton to Carpenter, 102 miles the time was seven minutes, or at the rate

Honey Bend were made in forty minutes—
70.5 miles an hour.

The train departed from Decatur an hour and forty minutes late, and had, besides the regular equipment, President Ramsey's private car. Wabash officials say that the new engines will make a hundred miles an hour before the summer is over—St. Louis Republic, April 11th, 1902.

False Hopes.

"How did you like the speech?" they asked Tommny, on his way home from the political meeting.
"It was bum," answered Tommy. "When
ne said 'westward the starved umpire takes his way' I thought there was goin' to be somethin' about baseball in it, but there wasn't."—Chicago Tribune.

THE SURGEON'S KNIFE

Mrs. Eckis Stevenson of Salt Lake City Tells How Opera-tions For Ovarian Troubles May Be Avoided.

"DEAR MRS. PINEHAM: - I suffered with inflammation of the ovaries and womb for over six years, enduring aches and pains which none can dream of but those who have had the same expe-



MRS. ECKIS STEVENSON.

rience. Hundreds of dollars went to the rience. Hundreds of dollars went to the doctor and the druggist. I was simply a walking medicine chest and a physical wreck. My sister residing in Ohio wrote me that she had been cured of womb trouble by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and advised me to try it. I then discontinued all other medicines and gave your Vegetable Compound a fied from any cause whatever, to refund loc. for every package.

Monroe Drug Co., Unionville, Mo.

and gave your Vegetable Compound a thorough trial. Within four weeks nearly all pain had left me; I rarely nearly all pain had left me; I rarely had headaches, and my nerves were in a much better condition, and I was cured in three months, and this avoided a terrible surgical operation." - Mrs. Eckis Stevenson, 250 So. State St., Salt Lake City, Utah .- \$5000 forfelt if

Remember every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's

Peculiar to Itself.

This applies to St. Jacobs Oil used & This applies to St. Jacobs Oil used for fifty years. It contains ingredients that are unknown to any one but the manufacturers and their trusted employees. Its pain killing properties are marvellous, as testified to by the thousands of once crippled human beings now made well and free from pain by its use. St. Jacobs Oil has a record of cures greater than all other medicines. Its sales are larger than those of any other proprietary medicine and ten times greater than all other embrocations, oils and liniments combined, simply because it has been ments combined, simply because it has been proved to be the best.

of 87.42 miles an hour.

The forty-seven miles from Boody to Honey Bend were made in forty minutes—
Who, perhaps, have inherited a weak Who, perhaps, have inherited a weak digestion, continually subject to stomach troubles, loss of flesh and general weakness, can be made healthy and strong by the use of Vogeler's Curative Compound. Every doctor who is at all up to date will say that Vogeler's Curative Compound will make the blood pure and rich, bring colour to the cheeks, and put on ficsh where health de-mands it. Children who have been weak and sickly since birth should be treated with small doses of Vogeler's Curative Compound, from two to five drops, twice delly, most satisfactory results will follow. It is the best of all medicines, because it is made from the formula of a great living physician.

Sample bottle free on application to the prop St. Jacobs Oil, Lai., Baltimore, Md.





LUMBER AND TREES. Extra Price Paid for 14 and 16 Feet Long Logs. Address C. C. MENGEL, JR. & BRO. CO., Incorporated. LOUISVILLE, KY.



WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS

ENT BY EXPRESS, PREPAID,

Free Treatment for FAT PEO

GRAIN, STOCKS, PROVISIONS

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD



To have health in hot weather the blood must be pure the digestion good and the vital organs free from bilious impurities. NOW is the time to put yourself in shape for the season's work. PRICKLY ASH BITTERS purifies the blood thoroughly and cleanses and strengthens the stomach, liver and bowels. During the Winter months many persons by neglect acquire a costive habit and as a result of such condition the system is clogged with impurities which get into the blood. If not removed these impurities become poisonous and undermine the constitution. The admirable cleansing and strengthening effect of PRICKLY ASH BITTERS is especially appropriate in such cases. It drives out impurities in the blood, stimulates the torpid liver and restores regularity in the bowels, thus PERMANENTLY removing this disease breeding condition.

Begin the season's work right-Cleanse the system of impurities and get your blood, liver and bowels in fighting trim. Through the use of PRICKLY ASH BITTERS—the world's greatest System Tonic and Blood Purifier, you can lay in a stock of vim and energy that to the busy worker is more valuable than gold. PRICKLY ASH BITTERS is a successful remedy for Kidney Disease and disorders due to Bad

Digestion. Relieves Bloating after eating, Wind on the Stomach, Indigestion, Heartburn, Headache, Nervous Weakness, Faint Feeling, Dizziness. In short it puts the system in perfect order. Half a wineglassful of Prickly Ash Bitters night and morning for a few days, will drive out that drowsy, half-sick feeling, sweeten the breath, remove sallowness and restore the clear complexion and ruddy hue of perfect health. Persons who use it during the Spring months will enjoy health,

vigor and cheerfulness through the hottest weather. SOLD EVERYWHERE AT \$1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Refuse all substitutes said to be "Just as Good." This remedy has stood the test of years of successful battling with disease. Get the genuine. It will produce the results you desire. 19-ounce bottle for \$1.00.